



Roddensvale School Covid-19 Action Plan

Background:

A coronavirus is a type of virus. As a group, coronaviruses are common across the world. COVID-19 is a new strain of coronavirus first identified in Wuhan City, China in January 2020. The incubation period of COVID-19 is between 2 and 14 days. This means that if a person remains well 14 days after contact with someone with confirmed coronavirus, it is unlikely that they have been infected.

The following symptoms may develop in the 14 days after exposure to someone who has COVID-19 infection:

- cough
- difficulty in breathing
- fever

From what we know about other coronaviruses, spread of COVID-19 is most likely to happen when there is close contact (within 2 metres) with an infected person. It is likely that the risk increases the longer someone has close contact with an infected person.

Droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes (termed respiratory secretions) containing the virus are most likely to be the most important means of transmission.

There are 2 routes by which people could become infected:

- secretions can be directly transferred into the mouths or noses of people who are nearby (within 2 metres) or could be inhaled into the lungs
- it is also possible that someone may become infected by touching a surface or object that has been contaminated with respiratory secretions and then touching their own mouth, nose, or eyes (such as touching a door knob or shaking hands then touching own face).

There is currently no good evidence that people who do not have symptoms are infectious to others.

Generally, these infections can cause more severe symptoms in people with weakened immune systems, older people, and those with long-term conditions like diabetes, cancer and chronic lung disease. There is no evidence that children are more affected than other age groups – very few cases have been reported in children.

However, as a number of children in Roddensvale School have long-term underlying health conditions, or are life-limited, it is necessary to plan for different scenarios.

Event/Scenario	Action/Precautions
Reducing spread of infection/virus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • washing hands often - with soap and water, or use alcohol sanitiser if handwashing facilities are not available. • covering cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throwing the tissue in a bin. See Catch it, Bin it, Kill it or in the crook of elbow • pupils, students, staff and visitors should wash their hands: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ before leaving home ○ on arrival at school ○ after using the toilet ○ after breaks and sporting activities ○ before food preparation ○ before eating any food, including snacks ○ before leaving school • use an alcohol-based hand sanitiser that contains at least 60% alcohol if soap and water are not available • avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands • avoid close contact with people who are unwell • clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces • hand sanitisers are located in each classroom, alongside liquid soap • visitors signing in at the front entry system are provided with hand sanitiser and the screen is wiped down after use

<p>Children, pupils, students or staff become unwell and believe they have been exposed to COVID-19 (either through travel to a specified country or area or contact with a confirmed case)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • People who feel unwell should stay at home and should not attend work or any education or childcare setting • NHS 111 number/GP should be called for advice and support. School should be updated via telephone on contact with NHS 111/GP • This may trigger a referral to the testing facility at Antrim Area Hospital
<p>Children or staff become unwell during the school day and believe they may have been exposed to COVID-19</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whilst waiting for advice from NHS 111 or an ambulance to arrive, try to find somewhere safe for the unwell person to sit which is at least 2 metres away from other people. If possible, find a room or area where they can be isolated behind a shut door, such as a staff office or meeting room. • If it is possible to open a window, do so for ventilation. • They should avoid touching people, surfaces and objects and be advised to cover their mouth and nose with a disposable tissue when they cough or sneeze and put the tissue in the bin. If no bin is available, put the tissue in a bag or pocket for disposing in a bin later. If you don't have any tissues available, they should cough and sneeze into the crook of their elbow. • The room will need to be cleaned once they leave • If anyone has been in contact with a suspected case in a childcare or educational setting, no restrictions or special control measures are required while laboratory test results for COVID-19 are awaited, unless advised otherwise by health professionals. <u>There is no need to close the setting or send other learners or staff home.</u>
<p>A case of COVID-19 (pupil, student or staff) is confirmed in your education setting</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The school will be contacted by the Public Health Agency to discuss the case, identify people who have been in contact with them and advise on any actions or precautions that should be taken.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An assessment of each education setting will be undertaken by the Health Protection Team with relevant staff. Advice on the management of pupils or students and staff will be based on this assessment. • The Health Protection Team will also be in contact with the patient directly to advise on isolation and identifying other contacts, and will be in touch with any contacts of the patient to provide them with appropriate advice. • Advice on cleaning of communal areas such as classrooms, changing rooms and toilets will be given by the Health Protection Team and is outlined later in this document. • If there is a confirmed case, the local Health Protection Team will advise on whether any closure/restrictions, in consultation with the school setting.
<p>What to do if pupils, students or staff in your institution are contacts of a confirmed case of COVID-19 who <u>was symptomatic</u> while attending your educational setting</p>	<p>The definition of a contact includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • any pupil, student or staff member in close face-to-face or touching contact including those undertaking small group work (within 2 metres of the case for more than 15 minutes) • talking with or being coughed on for any length of time while the individual is symptomatic • anyone who has cleaned up any bodily fluids of the individual • close friendship groups • any pupil, student or staff member living in the same household as a confirmed case <p>Contacts are not considered cases and if they are well, they are very unlikely to have spread the infection to others, however:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • they will be asked to self-isolate at home for 14 days from the last time they had contact with the confirmed case and follow the home isolation advice sheet

- they will be actively followed up by the Public Health Agency
- if they develop any symptoms within their 14-day observation period they should call NHS 111 for assessment
- if they become unwell with cough, fever or shortness of breath they will be tested for COVID-19
- if they require emergency medical attention, call 999 and tell the call handler or ambulance control that the person has a history of potential contact with COVID-19
- if they are unwell at any time within their 14-day observation period and they test positive for COVID-19 they will become a confirmed case and will be treated for the infection

Family and friends who have not had close contact (as listed above) with the original confirmed case do not need to take any precautions or make any changes to their own activities such as attending childcare or educational settings or work, unless they become unwell. If they become unwell, they should call NHS 111 and explain their symptoms and discuss any known contact with the case to consider if they need further assessment.

If a confirmed case occurs in school, the local Health Protection Team will provide you with advice and will work with the Principal.

Outside those that are defined as close contacts, the rest of the school does not need to take any precautions or make any changes to their own activities attending educational establishments or work as usual, unless they become unwell. If they become unwell they will be assessed as a suspected case depending on their symptoms.

This advice applies to teaching staff and children in the rest of the class who are not in a close friendship group or children undertaking small group work.

	<p>The decision as to whether pupils, students and staff fall into this contact group or the closer contact group will be made between the Health Protection Team, the educational setting and (if appropriate) the student. Advice should be given as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • if they become unwell with cough, fever or shortness of breath they will be asked to self-isolate and should seek medical advice from NHS 111 • if they are unwell at any time within the 14 days of contact and they are tested and are positive for COVID-19 they will become a confirmed case and will be treated as such.
<p>Pupils, students or staff in school have travelled from any Category 1 specified country/area in the past 14 days</p>	<p>If an individual falls into this category, contact NHS 111 for further advice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • if they are currently well they should self-isolate for 14 days and you should follow the advice as above for contacts of confirmed cases in the educational setting. • if they become unwell please call NHS 111 immediately for them to be assessed by an appropriate specialist. You should follow the advice as above for contacts of confirmed cases in the educational establishment. If they require emergency medical attention, call 999 and tell the call handler or ambulance control that the person has a history of recent travel to risk areas for COVID-19.
<p>Pupil, student or staff member has travelled from a Category 2 specified country/area in the last 14 days</p>	<p>If they are currently well:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • they are advised to self-isolate only if they develop symptoms • they can continue to attend work or education • they do not need to avoid contact with other people • their family do not need to take any precautions or make any changes to their own activities • testing people with no symptoms for COVID-19 is currently not recommended • it is useful to always take a mobile phone with them when they go out so that they can contact others if they do become unwell.

	<p>If they become unwell:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • they should stay indoors and avoid contact with other people as they would with other flu viruses) <p>they (or a family member, colleague or member of staff) should call NHS 111 immediately for them to be assessed by an appropriate specialist, as quickly as possible</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • they should stay at home and should not attend work or education • they should not go directly to their GP or other healthcare environment • if they require emergency medical attention, call 999 and tell the call handler or ambulance control that the person has a history of recent travel to risk areas for COVID-19 • see further information on the Public Health Agency website
<p>Pupils, students or staff return from travel anywhere else in the world within the last 14 days</p>	<p>Currently there are minimal cases outside the risk areas and therefore the likelihood of an individual coming into contact with a confirmed case is low.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is no need to advise any of these pupils, student or staff to avoid normal activities or educational settings unless they have had contact with a confirmed case of COVID-19. • If individuals are aware that they have had close contact with a confirmed case of COVID-19 they should contact NHS 111 for further advice.
<p>School trips</p>	<p>Pupils, students and staff returning from school trips in specified countries/areas should follow the same advice as given above.</p> <p>Other school trips within Northern Ireland should be risk assessed as normal, taking in to account location, good hygiene practices and the current levels of infection.</p>

How to clean educational establishments where there were children, students or staff with suspected cases of COVID-19

Coronavirus symptoms are similar to a flu-like illness and include cough, fever, or shortness of breath. Once symptomatic, all surfaces that the suspected case has come into contact with must be cleaned using disposable cloths and household detergents, according to current recommended workplace legislation and practice.

These include:

- all surfaces and objects which are visibly contaminated with body fluids
- all potentially contaminated high-contact areas such as toilets, door handles, telephones

Public areas where a symptomatic individual has passed through and spent minimal time in (such as corridors) but which are not visibly contaminated with body fluids do not need to be specially cleaned and disinfected. If a person becomes ill in a shared space, these should be cleaned as detailed above.

What to do with rubbish in the educational establishment, including tissues, if children, students or staff become unwell with suspected COVID-19

All waste that has been in contact with the individual, including used tissues, and masks if used, should be put in a yellow plastic rubbish bag and tied when full. The plastic bag should then be placed in a second bin bag and tied. It should be put in a safe place and marked for storage until the result is available. If the individual tests negative, this can be put in the normal waste.

Should the individual test positive, you will be instructed what to do with the waste.

This action plan will be monitored and updated as required as the situation develops, in line with advice from the Public Health Agency and EA.